# NEWSLETTER

Vol. 5, No. 1

October 1982

# CCPA, CAS, AND CHS JOIN IN ARCHAEOLOGICAL AWARENESS YEAR

The Colorado Council of Professional Archaeologists (CCPA) in cooperation with the Colorado Archaeological Society (CAS) and the Colorado Historical Society (CHS) is well into organizing a Colorado Archaeological Awareness Year, 1983. The purpose of the program is to increase public awareness and participation in Colorado archaeology, thereby increasing public involvement in the protection and preservation of archaeological remains.

The program is to be statewide with many institutions and organizations working together to generate a high level of public participation and support. It is anticipated that the year will begin with a proclamation by the Governor of Colorado and a reception at the Colorado Historical Society. There will be a series of archaeological events throughout the year; including museum exhibits, lectures, field trips, etc.

After the March 1982 CCPA meeting, an initial planning committee (Chairman Jim Hester, Linda Gregonis, Jonathan Haas) was appointed by CCPA President Paul Nickens to study the feasibility of an archaeological awareness year program. This committee met three times between late April and early June and presented its report at the June 8, 1982, CCPA Executive Committee meeting. The report indicated that such a program to help protect Colorado's archaeological heritage was feasible and that at least 20 archaeological events already scheduled for 1983 could be incorporated into an awareness year program. The CCPA Executive Committee recommended that President Nickens meet with the Colorado Archaeological Society and Colorado Historical Society to pursue the matter. Subsequently, Nickens met with CAS President Frank Adkins and CHS President Barbara Sudler in late June, and it was decided to proceed with the program.

Jim Grady was appointed to prepare a grant request for funds to support the activities and travel of an Events Coordinator. A proposal was submitted to the public outreach program of the National Endowment for the Humanities in time to meet its July 15 deadline. It is anticipated that the results will be known sometime in October.

A core committee consisting of two representatives from each organization has been subsequently formed to undertake initial planning. Committee members are Jim Hester (Chair) and Bruce Rippeteau, CCPA; Frank Adkins and Bill Tate, CAS; and Emerson Pearson and Barbara Sudler, CHS.

"Make Friends With the Past" has been selected as the year's slogan, and a Moffat County Fremont-style pictograph, first recorded by the Denver Chapter of CAS, will be the logo, courtesy of Marsha and Bill Tate. T-shirts bearing the slogan and logo are being sold by the Colorado Archaeological Society for \$8.00.



The "Colorado Archaeological Society" lettering under the logo can be changed to "Through Archaeology" or "Colorado Archaeological Awareness Year, 1983." To order, please contact Bill Tate: 837-3788 or 364-0059. T-shirts will probably be available at the 1983 Society for Historical Archaeology January meeting and at the March CCPA meeting.

The following is a list of proposed events, fund sources, and tentative schedule for the year:

A. Proposed events

- A giveaway pamphlet on the archaeology of Colorado.
- A color illustrated popular book on the archaeology of Colorado to be for sale.
- A volunteer lecture series--particularly, CCPA members.
- 4. A sponsored lecture series.
- An instructional program on how to teach archaeology in the public schools.
- 6. A series of exhibits and displays:
  - a. Local community sponsored exhibits
  - Booths at the State Fair and Denver stock show
  - c. A traveling van exhibit
  - d. The showing of movies

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#### 1983 ANNUAL MEETING

Mark March 11 and 12, 1983, on your calendar! These are the dates of CCPA's next annual meeting. Arrangements have been made to use West Auditorium at the Denver Museum of Natural History. Sarah Nelson is Program Coordinator. If you have ideas or suggestions for the meeting, please contact her (753-2406) or President Nickens (249-3411).

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE 1982

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#### COMMITTEES 1982

- A. Standing Committees
  - Lou Madden (Chair)
    Kevin Black
    Brian Aivazian
  - 2. Membership
    Polly Hammer (Chair)
    U.S. Forest Service
    Box 138, Delta, CO 81416
    Susan Chandler
    Kim Kreutzer
  - 3. Ethics Coordinator
    Jack Smith
  - 4. Legislative/Permitting
    Dave Stuart (Chair)
    Floyd Patterson
    Howard Pomerantz
  - 5. Editorial Board
    Adrienne Anderson (Editor)
    Ann Johnson (Editor)
    Cal Jennings
    Joyce Herald
    Bill Buckles
    Liz Morris

- B. Special Committees
  - 1. Bylaws
    Sue Collins (Chair)
    Kinzie Gordon
    Bob Williams
    Joan Bleacher
  - 2. Research Design
    Joe Lischka (Chair)
    Mark Gutherie (Chair)
  - 3. Financial Review
    Steve Sigstad (Chair)
    Reid Farmer
    Kinzie Gordon (Treasurer)
    Jeff Kenyon (Immediate Past
    Treasurer)
  - 4. Archaeological Awareness Year Feasibility Jim Hester (Chair) Jonathan Haas Linda Gregonis
  - 5. Program Coordinator -1983 Annual Meeting Sarah Nelson

# CCPA NEWSLETTER

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. Issue	Due Date for News
January 1983	December 10, 1982
April 1983	March 10, 1983
July 1983	June 10, 1983
October 1983	September 10, 1983
January 1984	December 10, 1983

## COLORADO ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOCIETY NEWS

#### New Colorado Historical Society Director

Dr. James Hester has been elected to the Colorado Historical Society Board of Directors from a slate of nominees presented by the Colorado Archaeological Society's (CAS) Archaeological Advisory Committee. The archaeological profession's representatives on the Historical Society's board, Roberto Costales and Jim Hester, serve overlapping 3-year terms. Hester replaces Jack Rudy, whose term expired this fall. The Archaeological Advisory Committee, chaired by Marcia Tate, is very appreciative of the time and effort Jack Rudy put forth serving Colorado archaeology for the past 3 years in his capacity as a CHS Director.

#### CHS Annual Meeting

The annual meeting, hosted by the Durango Chapter, was held October 8-9, 1982, at the historic Strater Hotel, Durango. This year's program included a series of invited papers on southwestern ethnographic topics and a field trip to Chimney Rock. Banquet speaker Jack Smith discussed early Mesa Verde archeology. The CAS Archaeological Advisory Committee also met in conjunction with the annual meeting. Additional information relevant to CCPA members will be in a following Newsletter.

#### PLEASE PAY YOUR DUES

If you don't have a 1982 membership card, you probably haven't paid your 1983 dues and will not receive future Newsletters or other mailings. Dues are \$10.00 for Voting Members (including Charter Voting Members) and \$7.50 for Associate Members. Please send your checks to Treasurer Kinzie Gordon, 2920 Pearl Street, Boulder, Colorado 80301 (303-443-4490).

#### POSITION OPEN: COLORADO HISTORICAL SOCIETY

The following information has been excerpted from a Position Description recently released by the Colorado Historical Society. For more detailed information, contact Arthur Townsend, Colorado Historical Society, 1300 Broadway, Denver 80203 (303-866-3394).

APPLICATIONS ARE DUE OCTOBER 31, 1982!

<u>Position Title:</u> Chief, Division of Preservation Services, Colorado Preservation Office

Employer: Colorado Historical Society

Responsibilities: Supervisor/professional position oversees and coordinates the statewide preservation (rehabilitation, restoration, maintenance, stabilization, protection, reconstruction, recordation, and salvage) programs for historical, architectural, and archaeological resources authorized by state and federal law.

#### Duties:

Position supervises two professional staff; develops, applies, and assists others in using proper preservation techniques and treatments intended to address threats, problems, and opportunities including the use of design guidelines, deed covenants, conservation easements, local ordinances, transfer of development rights, private-public partnerships, tax policies, building codes, zoning, Historic American Building Survey and Historic American Engineering Record drawings, preservation planning, land management policies and procedures, historic structures reports, archaeological site avoidance, and archaeological site salvage.

#### ARCHAEOLOGICAL AWARENESS YEAR. Cont.

- e. Display at the January 1983 Society for Historical Archaeology meeting.
- 7. The making of a movie--probably by volunteers.
- 8. The preservation of a site through a purchase. Funds to be raised from Colorado school children, and the acquisition of the site to be conducted by the Archaeological Conservancy.
- 9. A series of media events:
  - a. PM Magazine
  - b. Press releases
  - c. Empire Magazine
  - d. Focus
- e. TV and radio talk shows.
- 10. Bus trips to sites.
- The installation of permanent museum exhibits.
- 12. The establishment of an archaeological emergency fund.
- 13. The recordation of new site data.

#### B. Fund sources

- 1. Contributed time and services--especially from existing budgets.
- Grants for specific projects.
- Contributions from the public.
   The sale of items--books, posters, buttons, bumper stickers, etc.
- 5. Pay as you go -- i.e. bus trips.

#### C. Schedule

- 1. May 1982-October 1982: Complete all planning by date of annual meeting of the CAS. Apply for grants.
- October 1982: Press conference, Proclamation by the Governor; Reception at the Historical
- 3. November 1982-January 1983: Design the logo contest.
- 4. May 1983-January 1984: Dates for scheduled projects.

# CHS POSITION, Cont.

#### Knowledge:

Understanding of the principles, methods, disciplines, standards, and professional practices connected with the preservation of cultural resources.

#### Traits/Skills/Abilities:

This highly diversified position requires spontaneity, initiative, energy, tact, enterprise, pep, sound judgement, aesthetic sense, and historical vision. Also, the ability to supervise others (plan, direct, coordinate, and evaluate); to develop long-term goals and short-term objectives; to recognize and define preservation problems and to recommend the appropriate techniques and solutions for general and specific manmade and environmental threats, problems, and opportunities, whether long or short term, direct or indirect.

# Education and Experience:

National Park Service minimum requirements for historian, architectural historian, historical architect, or archaeologist outlined in 36 Code of Federal Regulations 61.3. In addition, candidates are asked to demonstrate a minimum of 2 years of evaluated supervisory/management training or experience.

# Salary/Status/Benefits:

\$19,950 per annum, negotiable. Permanent position status. Retirement, sick leave and vacation benefits. Optional group health and life insurance shared by State.

#### Application Information:

Please send vita and references to Arthur C. Townsend, State Historic Preservation Officer, Colorado Heritage Center, 1300 Broadway, Denver, Colorado Applications will be received through October 31, 1982.

#### WYOMING ARCHAEOLOGISTS TO MEET

The Wyoming Association of Professional Archaeologists (WAPA) will hold its fall meeting in Casper, October 29 and 30 at the Ramada Inn. The business meeting will be Friday (October 29), followed by a Halloween costume banquet. The banquet speaker will be Dr. Carling Malouf, who will discuss Dr. William Mulloy and the early days of Wyoming archaeology. Saturday morning's session will include reports on current work. CCPA members are welcome to attend.

#### LEGISLATIVE TIDBITS

#### Curbing the Antiquities Trade

There is an excellent, two-page article in a recent issue of Science (Vol. 217, No. 4566, 24 September 1982) titled "Curbing the Antiquities Trade." discusses circumstances surrounding the international antiquities trade and Senate bill 1723, which is designed to implement portions of the 1970 UNESCO convention calling for a trade ban on stolen artifacts and making it illegal to import items of antiquity stolen from their country of origin. Robbing and looting of tombs and monuments is referred to as the world's second-oldest profession! The article is germane to the Archaeological Awareness Year program and interesting reading.

## Proposed Secretary of the Interior's Standards and Guidelines on Preservation of Archaeological Properties

Draft Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Preservation of Archaeological Properties and Guidelines for the Preservation of Archaeological Properties were on review until October 1, 1982. These were developed by a Task Force of Washington and Regional Office National Park Service Archaeologists. Standards "specify the objectives of Federal Agencies' efforts to identify, evaluate, treat, and manage archaeological properties under their control or jurisdiction." The Guidelines "discuss the level of effort necessary to achieve these objectives acceptably, by presenting in more detail professional methods and techniques for expeditiously and cost effectively fulfilling archaeological responsibilities." These Standards and Guidelines are similar, although not identical, to the Advisory Council's Treatment of Archaeological Properties: Handbook. Review comments will be consolidated and the Standards and Guidelines finalized within the year.

#### Proposed Soil Conservation Regulations: Policy and Procedures for Protecting Archaeological and Historic Properties

The following proposed regulations for your review and comment were reproduced from the Federal Register (Vol. 47, No. 162, August 20, 1982, pp. 36592-36599). Direct comments on or before October 19, 1982, to Arun Basu, Director of Social Sciences, Soil Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, P.O. Box 2890, Washington, D.C. 20013. Background information on the proposed regulations has been eliminated; please refer to the Federal Register for those data. None of the proposed regulations have been eliminated.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUITURE

Soil Conservation Service

7 CFR Part 656

SCS Policy and Procedures for Protecting Archeological and Historic Properties

AGENCY: Soil Conservation Service. IISDA.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This proposed rule is a revision of general policy and procedures for Soil Conservation Service (SCS) protection of archeological and historic properties (also referred to as "historic properties' or "properties") and implementation of historic preservation legislation and executive orders in its programs. It was developed to ensure complete compliance with the applicable statutes and regulations. In response to comments received, it has been further revised to ensure consideration of historic properties in all SCS programs. These counterpart procedures have been drafted jointly with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) as counterpart regulations under 36 CFR 800.11.

## PART 656—SCS POLICY AND PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTING ARCHEOLOGICAL AND HISTORIC **PROPERTIES**

656.1 Purpose.

656.2 Archeological and historic preservation legislation and executive orders.

656.3 Policy. 656.4 Definitions.

656.5

Applicability. SCS administrative responsibilities.

Procedures for considering historic properties in nonproject undertakings. Procedures for considering historic

properties in nonproject undertakings 656.9 Procedures to follow when historic properties are discovered during construction.

656.10 Ownership and curation of artifacts. 11 Developing more efficient techniques or procedures for protecting historic

properties.

Appendix I—Assistance Activities to be

Considered by SCS Appendix II—Identification and Consideration of Historic Properties in Nonproject Undertakings Appendix III—Procedures for Considering

Historic Properties in Project Undertakings

Authority: 7 CFR 2.62: Sec. 1: E.O. 11593 (36 FR 8921, 3 CFR, 1971 comp., p. 154); Sec. 106, National Historic Preservation Act of 1986 Pub. L. 89-865 (16 U.S.C. 4701); Archeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 Pub. L. 93-291 (16 U.S.C. 469a).

## § 656.5 Applicability.

This rule applies to all SCS assistance programs except soil surveys, National Resources Inventory, snow surveys, range surveys, and wetlands inventories.

#### § 656.6 SCS administrative responsibilities.

(a) SCS National Office. The SCS Chief is responsible for implementing historic preservation legislation and this rule, protecting historic properties in SCS soil and water conservation programs, and providing historic properties information and education programs for SCS personnel and interested participants.

(b) SCS National Technical Centers (NTC's). The SCS Assistant Chiefs, with assistance from the NTC's, are responsible for coordinating and providing guidance and education for considerations of historic properties.

(c) SCS State Office. Within each State, the SCS state conservationist is responsible for encouraging the protection of historic properties in SCS soil and water conservation programs and implementing this rule. The state conservationists are also the responsible Federal officials for establishing and maintaining relations with State historic preservation offices and other State agencies and officials responsible for historic properties.

(d) SCS Area and Field Offices. Area and district conservationists are responsible for identifying and protecting historic properties and for recommending opportunities to enhance them as appropriate during SCS nonproject assistance activities

#### § 656.7 Procedures for considering historic properties in nonproject undertakings.

(a) SCS recognizes the need to protect historic properties in its nonproject assistance activities. In providing assistance, SCS will take prudent and feasible precautions to identify historic properties and to avoid adverse effects on them. When appropriate, SCS will inform its participants of opportunities to enhance a historic property and of its importance. SCS has determined that the most effective means of protecting historic properties is through its guidance and assistance at the local level. SCS will provide field personnel and other interested parties with training and information to identify, protect and enhance historic properties.

(b) Identification, evaluation, and treatment of historic properties in nonproject undertakings will be conducted in accordance with SCS policy (7 CFR 656.3 above) and National Conservation Planning (Title 11-V) Manuals and the guidelines in Appendices I and II of this rule

# § 656.8 Procedures for considering historic properties in project undertakings.

For every project undertaking which may affect historic properties (see Appendix I), SCS, in consultation with the SHPO, will implement the following proedures (also see Appendix III), as appropriate. SCS will also invite participation of the project sponsors in this process. SCS may request assistance from USDI, the SHPO, ACHP, or other interested organizations and individuals in carrying out these responsibilities.

(a) Identify historic properties. When initiating the environmental evaluation of each project undertaking, SCS, in consultation with the SHPO, and with participation of project sponsors, as appropriate, will conduct an historic properties review.

(1) If such review and consultation identifies the actual or probable presence of historic properties in the area of environmental effect, SCS will conduct an historic properties survey. The survey will be conducted as part of the environmental evaluation during planning or before implementation on operational projects, when feasible. When it is not feasible to conduct the survey during planning, SCS will conduct the survey before developing construction specifications. SCS will follow paragraph (b) of this section to determine significance for all properties whose significance is not known.

(2) If the results of such review and consultation do not identify the actual or probable presence of any historic properties within the area of the project's potential environmental effect, SCS will document this finding in the environmental evaluation and proceed with the project.

(b) Determine significance. SCS will determine the significance of all properties identified in the area of environmental effect by applying the NRHP "Criteria of Evaluation" (36 CFR 60.4). The determination shall be carried out in consultation with the SHPO. If SCS and the SHPO determine that a property is eligible for NRHP and therefore significant, SCS will determine the effect on that historic property in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section. If SCS and the SHPO disagree on the eligibility of the property, SCS will request a determination of eligibility from the Division of NRHP in the National Park Service of the Department of the Interior.

(1) If it is determined that no properties are eligible for NRHP, SCS will document this determination in the environmental evaluation and proceed with the project.

(2) If it is determined that any property is eligible for NRHP, SCS will carry out all steps in paragraph (c) of this section.

(c) Determine effect, SCS will determine whether the project will have an adverse effect on any historic properties by applying ACHP's "Criteria of Effect" (36 CFR 800.3 (a)) in

consultation with the SHPO. SCS also invite project sponsors to participate in this determination.

(1) SCS will identify all prudent and feasible project alternatives that would avoid adverse effects on historic properties. If the adverse effect can be avoided, SCS will so document this finding in the environmental evaluation. take action to avoid the adverse effect, and continue with the project.

(2)(i) When avoidance is neither prudent nor feasible, and SCS and the SHPO agree that the effect will be adverse, SCS will develop mitigating measures under paragraph (d) of this section.

(ii) When avoidance is neither prude nor feasible, and SCS and the SHPO agree that the effect will not be adverse, SCS will forward such documentation to ACHP for a 30-day comment period. Unless ACHP objects within 30 days. SCS will proceed with the project. If ACHP objects to the no-adverse-effect determination within 30 days, SCS will develop mitigating measures under paragraph (d) of this section.
(3) If SCS and the SHPO, after

consultation, cannot agree on whether the project will have an adverse effect a on the historic properties, SCS will request a determination of effect from ACHP. On determination, SCS will take action appropriate under either

paragraph (c)(1) or (2) of this paragraph. (d) Develop mitigating measures. When it is determined that the undertaking will have an adverse effect on the property, SCS will consult with ACHP and SHPO to develop mitigating measures. SCS will also invite the

to mitigation proposal. SCS will prepare a Proposal Memorandum of Agreement describing the proposed mitigating then submit this memorandum to ACHP for comment. Unless the ACHP Executive Director finds that the proposal does not represent the agreement of the consulting parties, the proposal shall be forwarded to the ACHP Chairman within 10 days of ACHP receipt. On ratification of the proposal by the ACHP Chairman, or if ACHP takes no action within 10 days, SCS will proceed with the project in accordance with the agreed-to measures.

(2) If SCS and the SHPO cannot reach greement on a Proposal Memorandum of Agreement, SCS will request the Executive Director of ACHP to prepare a Memorandum of Agreement which, after signature by SCS and SHPO, will be submitted to ACHP pursuant to the procedure described in paragraph (d)(1)

of this section.
(3) On the failure of the consulting parties (SCS, SHPO, ACHP and project sponsors) to agree to a mitigation proposal or on notice of such failure by any of the consulting parties to the ACHP Executive Director, the Executive Director will notify the ACHP Chairman within 15 days, and the matter will be considered for comments by ACHP under the procedures provided in 36 CFR 800.6(d). Upon receiving ACHP's comments. SCS shall take these comments into account in reaching a final decision in regard to the proposed undertaking.

# 5 656.9 Procedures to follow when historic properties are discovered during construction.

(a) When historic properties that appear to be NRHP eligible, as defined in § 656.4 above, are discovered during construction, (by a contractor, an SCS employee, or others) the project engineer or construction inspector will ask the contractor to avoid further work that might adversely affect the historic property and will immediately notify the responsible SCS official.

(b) SCS will notify the USDI National Park Service (NPS) and the SHPO according to Pub. L. 93-291 (16 U.S.C. 469a-2). If the notification is via telephone, the conversation will be documented by a followup telegram or letter.

(c) SCS will request NPS to provide onsite consultation and advice on the significance of the property within 48 hours or will determine the significance of the property in consultation with the SHPO. If the property is determined to be significant, SCS will follow § 656.8(d). If the property is determined not to be significant, SCS will proceed with construction after appropriate documentation of consultation findings.

(d) If SCS or NPS determines that the roperty is significant and recommends property is significant and recommends that construction be stopped or delayed so that an appropriate detailed survey, recovery, protection, or preservation can be accomplished, SCS will determine if NPS is willing to assume liability under its authority provided in section 3(b) of the Archeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974, Pub. L. 93-291 (16 U.S.C., 469a). If NPS is

(1) not willing to assume liability for delays in construction, SCS will document the property by taking photographs and preparing a brief description of the property, and will then resume construction.

(2) willing to assume liability for delays and documents this willingness participation of the project sponsors. delays and documents this willingness
(1) If consultations result in an agreed- in writing, SCS will order the contractor or the local contracting organization to delay or terminate the contract. SCS will then request that NPS carry out the measures, and this memorandum will be appropriate mitigating measures. If NPS signed by both SCS and SHPO. SCS will declines to do so. SCS. at its discretion. may carry out mitigating measures under \$ 656.8(d), or may resume construction after documenting the property in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) of this section.

(e) After mitigation is completed. SCS will cause construction to be resumed (if federally-administered contract) or recommend resumption of construction (if locally-administered contract),

# §656.10 Ownership and curation of

- (a) When technical assistance is provided on Federal land, recovered artifacts belong to the responsible Federal agency. SCS will take appropriate action to ensure that longterm curation of recovered artifacts is provided.
- (b) When technical assistance is provided on non-Federal land, recovered artifacts belong to the landowner.
  Arrangements will be made to ensure that the recovered artifacts are adequately analyzed before they are returned to the landowner, SCS will encourage the landowner to ensure longterm curation of the recovered artifacts or donation to an appropriate curatorial facility.

# §856.11 Developing more efficient techniques or procedures for protecting historic properties.

- (a) SCS may request execution of a Programmatic Memorandum of Agreement with ACHP for a particular program or class of undertakings that would otherwise require numerous individual requests for comments under this rule. Such agreements will be developed in accordance with 36 CFR 800.8
- (b) An SCS state office may enter into agreements with the State historic preservation office or other appropriate organizations to develop more efficient techniques or procedures for protecting historic properties.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Programs numbered 10.900 (Great Plains), 10.901 (Resource Conservation and Development), 10.902 (Soil and Water Conservation), 10.904 (Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention), and 10.905 (Plant

# Appendix I—Assistance Activities to be Considered by SCS

Certain SCS assistance activities that will not result in direct physical change on a specific site need not be considered as "undertakings" for the purposes of this part, and therefore need not be considered further by SCS. Such assistance activities include but are not limited to: providing basic information on soil and water conservation, and crop production, inventorying natural resources, providing general planning assistance of a district-wide or similar nature, assistance of a district-wide or similar nature, and providing assistance that either will not lead to disturbance of previously undisturbed areas or soils or will not lead to further disturbances of areas previously disturbed. Some conservation practices have a high potential to affect historic properties adversely. Such practices must be considered as "undertakings" for the purpose of this part and are as follows:

Access road Bedding Brush management (mechanical) Channel vegetation
Chiseling and subsoiling
Clearing and snagging
Commercial fishponds
Critical area shaping Dam, diversion Dam, floodwater retarding Dam, multiple-purposa Dike Diversion Drainage land grading Drainage development (tile and ditch) Firebreak Floodwater diversion Floodway Grade stabilization structure Grassed waterway or outlet Hillside ditch Irrigation canal or lateral Irrigation field ditch Irrigation land leveling Irrigation pit or regulating reservoir Irrigation storage reservoir Irrigation system Lingation system
Land construction, abandoned mined land
Land clearing

Land smoothing Livestock watering facilities Mole drain Obstruction removal Open channel Pipeline Pond Raceway Reclamation of surface mined land Recreation area improvement Recreation land grading and shaping Road development Sediment basin Spoilbank spreading Spring development Streambank protection Stream channel stabilization Structure for water control Subsurface drains Surface drainage Тегтасе Underground outlets Vertical drain Waste storage and treatment development Waste storage pond or structure Waste treatment lagoon Water and sediment-control hasing Waterspreading Well

# Appendix II—Identification and Consideration of Historic Properties in Nonproject Undertakings

#### A. Introduction

This appendix is designed to serve as general guidance for the use of District Conservationists and other SCS field personnel and interested parties in (1) determining when an SCS nonproject assistance activity may affect one or more historic properties, (2) identifying the properties, and (3) determining what action should be taken if project effects from implementation of conservation practices and land treatment cannot be avoided. More explicit guidance will be provided in the SCS Social Sciences and National Conservation Planning Manuals.

#### Procedures for Considering Historic Properties in Project Undertakings

The following flowchart outlines the steps SCS will take to protect historic properties in project undertakings:

Procedures for Considering Historic Properties in Nonproject Undertakings The following flowchart outlines the steps SCS will take to protect historic properties in nonproject undertakings:



